I support the action proposed by Martin Spies. Both the genus name *Orthocladius* and the subfamily name Orthocladinae are now very well-founded in chironomid taxonomy and nomenclature, and a subsequent change in these names would cause much confusion among both taxonomists and freshwater ecologists. I therefore urge the Commission to fix the type species of *Orthocladius* to *Chironomus oblidens* Walker, 1856 and to give the subfamily name Orthocladinae Kieffer, 1911 precedence over both Eretmopterinae Kellogg, 1900 and Clunioninae Kieffer, 1906.

Comments on the proposed conservation of the specific name of *Lithocolletis* oxyacanthae Frey, 1855 (currently *Phyllonorycter oxyacanthae*; Insecta, Lepidoptera) by giving it precedence over *Lithocolletis pomonella* Zeller, 1846 (Case 3376; see BZN 64: 96–99)

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I read Paolo Triberti's application (Case 3376) about the synonymy of *Phyllonorycter oxyacanthae* (Frey, 1855) and *Phyllonorycter pomonella* (Zeller, 1846). In my opinion it is correct and in accordance with the Code's recommendations.

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While acting as referees to the paper 'The Phyllonorycter species from the Palaearctic Region feeding on ROSACEAE (Lepidoptera, Gracillariidae)' by Paolo Triberti we have pointed to the problem of the misidentification and confusion of three species: Phyllonorycter oxyacanthae (Frey, 1855), P. pomonella (Zeller, 1846) and a manuscript name P. hostis Triberti, 2007 (in press). During our own GRACILLARIIDAE studies, we have encountered the same problem as Triberti, namely the continuous confusion caused in many publications by the name Lithocolletis pomonella Zeller, 1846. That name has been applied to various species, e.g. Phyllonorycter cydoniella ([Denis & Schiffermüller]), 1775, P. spinicolella (Zeller, 1846), and P. sorbi (Frey, 1855). P. oxyacanthae (Frey, 1855) is a widely spread European species feeding on Crataegus spp. and Pyrus spp. (32 and 5 citations respectively from the 'Global Taxonomic Database of Gracillariidae (Lepidoptera)' (De Prins & De Prins, 2006), and this name has been used at least in 136 faunistic publications (see Global Gracillariidae Database at the Royal Museum for Central Africa, and De Prins & De Prins, 2005). The name pomonella Zeller, 1846 was used in at least 79 agricultural publications mainly to indicate a pest species on Malus without any taxonomic background. Therefore, we would like to support the proposition of Paolo Triberti and ask the International Commission on Zoological